

Public Record Request - 10/05/2021 - What Security Corporation do all Courts contract with?

From Nutting, Jan <Jan.Nutting@courts.wa.gov>

To [bkastning<bkastning@protonmail.com>](mailto:bkastning@protonmail.com)

Date Thursday, October 21st, 2021 at 8:16 PM

Good evening.

Security arrangements for trial courts and the appellate courts are at the discretion of the individual court, the city or county in which they sit, or the building's landlord.

The Supreme Court does not have or maintain any records related to arrangements for other courts. The only court for which the Supreme Court would have information is itself, and the Supreme Court does not have a contract with a security corporation.

The Court of Appeals, Divisions I and II, do not have contracts with a security corporation.

The Court of Appeals, Division III, does have a contract with a security corporation. The contract is attached. Under [General Court Rule 31.1](#), some information is not disclosable and has been redacted from the document.

GR 31.1 l(11) protects portions of records containing specific information that may compromise the security of a judicial facility or any individual's safety. If you object to our decision to redact the information, you may wish to request a review. General Court Rule 31.1 provides the option of a written request for review of any response by the Public Records Officer to an administrative public records request within 90 days of the decision. If you wish to request a review of my response, please follow the instructions found here: [Request a review](#)

Thank you.

Jan Nutting

Public Records Officer | State Agency Liaison

Administrative Office of the Courts

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From: Brandon Kastning [<mailto:bkastning@protonmail.com>]

Sent: Monday, October 18, 2021 5:35 PM

To: Nutting, Jan

Subject: RE: Public Record Request - 10/05/2021 - What Security Corporation do all Courts contract with?

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Jan,

Good evening; there must be some sort of Contract between a Security Corporation and The Supreme Court of Washington; and OUR Appellate Courts.

There is a Security Guard when OUR Constitutionally Guaranteed and Protected Court Systems aren't Unconstitutionally Closed to the Public Per U.S. Const. Amend. I (September 17, 1787).

Every District Court here has a Security Corporation that sits at the door and verifies the safety of the People Within The Court.

Please continue and provide the correct information. Thank you!

Best Regards, God Bless,

Brandon Kastning

Constitutional Law Student

2016-2018 (EDCC, Edmonds), Paralegal/Transfer

2019-Current (EVCC, Everett), Pre-Law

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(Constitutional Law Study Shared, Public Petitions for Government Redress, Public Disclosure Records

Generated and Shared, Sharing my American Disability and Poverty Oppression while watching OUR Country get taken from within to a foreign government.). - #DisabledJesusBeliever vs #Tyranny | #WETHEPEOPLE #AMERICANDEFENSE #CONSTITUTIONALLAWSTUDENT

The United States of America, The Republic:

S.J.Res.165 - A joint resolution authorizing and requesting the President to proclaim 1983 as the "Year of the Bible". 97th Congress (1981-1982)

10/04/1982 Became [Public Law No: 97-280](#).

10/04/1982 Signed by: **President Ronald Reagan (40th President)**.

10/04/1982 Became [Public Law No. 97-280](#).

[LORD Jesus Christ of Nazareth](#); Please Protect Your Remnant within The United States of America, The Constitutional Republic. May you Heal OUR LAND [Father God](#) and LET OUR PEOPLE GO!; In [JESUS CHRIST's MIGHTY NAME](#) I PRAY, AMEN!

"If my people, which are called by my name, shall humble themselves, and pray, and seek my face, and turn from their wicked ways; then will I hear from heaven, and will forgive their sin, and will heal their land." - [2 Chronicles 7:14 \(KJV\)](#).

"Blessed is the nation whose God is the LORD; and the people whom he hath chosen for his own inheritance." - [Psalm 33:12 \(KJV\)](#)

"Even so then at this present time also there is a remnant according to the election of grace." - [Romans 11:5 \(KJV\)](#)

<https://www.kingjamesbibleonline.org/Romans-11-5/> (Full context and Holy Scriptural Source Check).

Hierarchy of Legal Authorities:

Pledge of allegiance to the flag; manner of delivery - [4 U.S.C. 4](#)

[Pub. L. 107-293, §1, Nov. 13, 2002, 116 Stat. 2057](#), provided that: "Congress finds the following:

"(1) On November 11, 1620, prior to embarking for the shores of America, the Pilgrims signed the Mayflower Compact that declared: 'Having undertaken, for the Glory of God and the advancement of the Christian Faith and honor of our King and country, a voyage to plant the first colony in the northern parts of Virginia,'.

"(2) On July 4, 1776, America's Founding

Fathers, after appealing to the 'Laws of Nature, and of Nature's God' to justify their separation from Great Britain, then declared: 'We hold these Truths to be self-evident, that all Men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty, and the Pursuit of Happiness'.

"(3) In 1781, Thomas Jefferson, the author of the Declaration of Independence and later the Nation's third President,

in his work titled 'Notes on the State of Virginia' wrote: 'God who gave us life gave us liberty. And can the liberties of a nation be thought secure when we have removed their only firm basis, a conviction in the minds of the people that these liberties are of the Gift of God. That they are not to be violated but with His wrath? Indeed, I tremble for my country when I reflect that God is just; that his justice cannot sleep forever.'

State of Washington; Free Member State of The Constitutional Republic, OUR United States of America, Union of Free Member States, Guaranteed and Protected Individual and Natural Born God-given, Re-Affirmed in OUR Constitution(s), Case Law, Case Law Re-Affirmed and ALL Americans and ALL American Government's bound to Supreme Constitutional Law and Statutes, Policies, Treatise being in Congruent with The U.S. Federal Constitution, 50 Free State Constitution's within OUR Union of Free Member States and 5 Inhabited Free Territories therein:

The Preamble (Preamble to "THIS CONSTITUTION" of September 17, 1787 per U.S. Const. Art. VI. Clause, 1, 2, and 3 [September 17, 1787]; anything to the contrary, Officers, Justices, notwithstanding).

"We the People of the United States, in Order to form a more perfect Union, establish Justice, insure domestic Tranquility, provide for the common defence, promote the general Welfare, and secure the Blessings of Liberty to ourselves and our Posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America."

PREAMBLE (PREAMBLE to THE Constitution of The State of Washington, Mandatory, per Art. I., § 29 [November 11, 1889]).

"We,

the people of the State of Washington, grateful to the Supreme Ruler of the universe for our liberties, do ordain this constitution." - (November 11, 1889)

"This Constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof; and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby; anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding." (U.S. Const. Art. VI.), Clause. 2. (September 17, 1787).

Source: <https://constitution.congress.gov/browse/article-6/clause-2/>

"The Senators and Representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this Constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States." - (U.S. Const. Art. VI.), Clause. 3. (September 17, 1787).

Source: <https://constitution.congress.gov/browse/article-6/clause-3/>

"Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the Government for a redress of grievances." - U.S. Const. Amend. I. (September 17, 1787).

Source: <https://constitution.congress.gov/constitution/>

"The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no Warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by Oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be seized." - U.S. Const. Amend. IV. (September 17, 1787).

Source: <https://constitution.congress.gov/constitution/>

"The powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution, nor prohibited by it to the States, are reserved to the States respectively, or to the people." - U.S. Const. Amend. X. (September 17, 1787).

Source: <https://constitution.congress.gov/constitution/>

"All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws." - U.S. Const. Amend. XIV, §1 (July 9, 1868).

Source: <https://constitution.congress.gov/constitution/>

"The Constitution of the United States is the supreme law of the land." - Wash. Const. Art. I., § 2 (November 11, 1889).

Source: <http://leg.wa.gov/CodeReviser/Pages/WAConstitution.aspx>

"The right of petition and of the people peaceably to assemble for the common good shall never be abridged." - Wash. Const. Art. I., § 4 (November 11, 1889).

"No person shall be disturbed in his private affairs, or his home invaded, without authority of law." - Wash. Const. Art. I., § 7 (November 11, 1889).

Source: <http://leg.wa.gov/CodeReviser/Pages/WAConstitution.aspx>

"The provisions of this Constitution are mandatory, unless by express words they are declared to be otherwise." - Wash. Const. Art. I., § 29 (November 11, 1889).

Source: <http://leg.wa.gov/CodeReviser/Pages/WAConstitution.aspx>

"The enumeration in this Constitution of certain rights shall not be construed to deny others retained by the people." - Wash. Const. Art. I., § 30 (November 11, 1889).

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